

CHANDLER LIMITED®

GERMANIUM TONE CONTROL

Thank you for purchasing the Chandler Limited Germanium Tone Control. This unit is proudly hand wired and assembled in the USA. It uses a 100% discrete transistor circuit and specially wound transformers. Included are item descriptions and hints to get you on your way.

For peak performance, please allow the unit to warm up for at least 25 minutes before use.

Please feel free to call our shop anytime for help or questions.

Prior to sending in your gear for repair, please contact our shop at the number below. We will assist you in troubleshooting the problem and if needed, we will issue you an RMA# to send in the gear.

Phone: 319-885-4200

Email: support@chandlerlimited.com

Send repairs to: Chandler Limited, Inc.
222 S. Cherry Street
Shell Rock, IA 50670

Connections - All connections on the Germanium are transformer balanced with pin 2 hot.

Power supply - This is designed to be used with Chandler Limited PSU-1 MKII power supply.

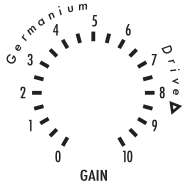
The power pin out is as follows:

- 1) chassis and audio ground
- 2) 48 volt
- 3) +28 volt
- 4) -28 volt

Notes on Grounding - On the back of the power supply are two black banana connectors. These join the audio ground to earth ground with a solid wire between them. Depending on your studio you may want this connected or disconnected. Turn up your monitors or headphones a bit and experiment with which has a lower noise floor in your system. You may also need to join the audio banana plug to other sections of your studio to obtain lowest noise floor. The audio banana is located closest to the edge of the power supply case. Use something simple like a guitar cord and touch the tip to other portions of your studio to find best results.

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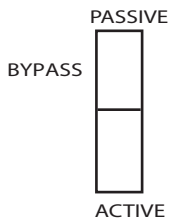
Controls and Features



GAIN/GERMANIUM DRIVE - A gain switch in 3db steps, this is your standard input level type control. The actual amount of overall gain, however, is affected by feedback control. With gain at 0 and feedback at zero, overall gain is -30db. Moving the feedback to 10 overall gain becomes -8db with all the tonal changes described under the feedback control. Available gain of the unit is -30db with Gain and Feedback at 0 to +25db with the Germanium Drive and Feedback at full. Using different combinations of feedback and input gain is essential if you want to take advantage of all the available tones from the Germanium pre amp.



FEEDBACK - The Feedback control is essential to the sound and function of this EQ's amplifier. Audio amplifiers incorporate some amount of negative feedback which is where the output signal of the amplifier is fed back to its input. This affects the sound and function of the amplifier in many ways. THD, frequency response, gain and amplifier stabilization change considerably with varying feedback. Please refer to the section about unity gain for the tone variations available by using Gain and Feedback combinations.



BYPASS - You may bypass the passive Thick or low frequency section and the active Presence and Treble sections of the Tone Control separately for maximum flexibility. To bypass both at the same time, simply place the passive and active pushbuttons in the out position.

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Controls and Features continued

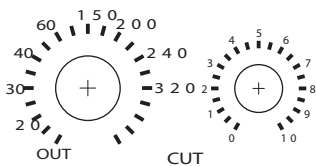
INTERACTIVE



INDEPENDENT

INTERACTIVE/INDEPENDENT - As one of the important controls for flexibility, this switch affects how the Thick boost and cut interact to create variations of the EQ curves. In **INTERACTIVE** mode the boost and cut work in a similar manner to Pultec and Lang EQs whereby boosting and cutting at the same time makes the curves "interact" to create cool variations. For example, by boosting at 70hz and cutting at 240hz you get a drop near 350hz and a peak at 70hz. Boosting at 70hz and cutting at 320hz will give you a drop at 450hz and a peak at 70hz. Please note that different frequency choices will create different boost/cut curves. For example, when cutting at 320hz you will get a lower cut point by lowering the boost point. To illustrate the effect of **INTERACTIVE** further, if you were to do similar settings on a standard console EQ you would simply get the cut at 240hz or 320hz because the cut would take precedence over the boost. **INTERACTIVE** allows you to use both together to create normally unattainable equalizer responses.

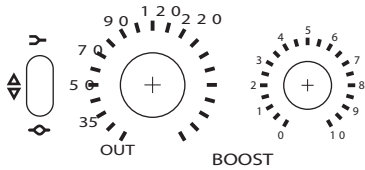
INDEPENDENT mode allows you to switch the low EQ to respond as a standard console EQ as mentioned above. In this instance you would normally use the low cut to shave off the very low muddy frequencies and possibly boost above it. Remember that in this mode the cut will take precedence! Uses for **INDEPENDENT** mode might be these: on a kick drum adding 50 or 70hz and cutting at 35 to remove the very low frequencies that could eat up your mix. Another would be using just the low cut to the same 35 or 50hz from a vocal or acoustic guitar track. The nice thing about **INTERACTIVE/INDEPENDENT** is that you can accomplish similar results with different settings that create fun and useable variations in tone. See example settings.



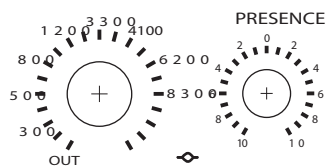
THICK CUT - The cut section has specific tunes sections for use in either **INTERACTIVE** or **INDEPENDENT** mode. The first four settings 20, 30, 40, and 60hz are tuned for use with the **INDEPENDENT** mode for removing very low frequencies problems. The curve is a very sharp 18db per octave and works well when boosting above the selected cut frequency, i.e., boost 35 or 50 and cut 20hz. As mentioned these are very effective at removing rumble from vocals and acoustic guitars because sharp slope does not dig into higher frequencies that would make the track thin. The second set of four points 150, 200, 240, 320 are tuned for use with the **INTERACTIVE** mode. The slope is a broad shelf type curve that helps make the beautiful interactions of boost and cut possible. It is also effective for creating thinning effects such as telephone sounds.

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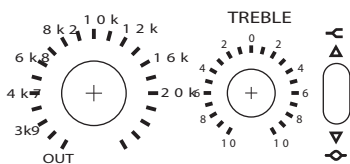
Controls and Features continued



THICK BOOST - The THICK Boost is an all inductor passive circuit capable of the fat dense lows that inductor type EQs are known for. It is selectable between bell or shelf for flexibility and has 18db of boost so you can fatten up even the thinnest of instruments or tracks. I tend to like the 35, 50, and 70 bell for drums while the 90 and 120 shelf are very effective for big guitars and bass. See example settings.



PRESENCE - PRESENCE is an active section designed to sound like the many different British console EQs from years past. The twist to our PRESENCE control is that each frequency is tuned with a specific Q or width to make it most effective in areas where it will normally be used. 300, 500, and 800 have a sharper Q to make removing muddy mid range areas more effective. 1200 and 3300 have medium Q while 4100, 6200, and 8300 are wide for smooth brightening of tracks. There is 15db of boost and cut available on the PRESENCE control and it is an all inductor based circuit for smooth pleasing tones.



TREBLE - TREBLE again is an active control designed in the British tradition. There is 18db of boost and cut available on eight frequencies (3k9, 4k7, 6k8, 8k2, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). It is also switchable between bell and shelf for flexibility. The bell is purposely set at an even wider Q than PRESENCE section for smooth gentle highs. The TREBLE portion is an all inductor based circuit.

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Controls and Features continued

WHERE IS UNITY ON THIS THING? - There are several ways to get unity gain from the Tone Control each with its own variations of frequency response, THD etc.

Here are examples with basic descriptions of the tone of each.

- 1) Gain 2, Feedback 10 - Slight low end rise and gentle high end roll off. THD and noise are lowest of any unity gain setting.
- 2) Gain 5, Feedback 5 - Slight low rise with generally flat extended high end. THD is medium while noise is low but a few db higher than setting 1. This would generally be considered the "flattest" setting.
- 3) Gain 9, Feedback 2 - Flat low end with a gentle high end rise. THD is medium and noise is generally the same as setting 2.
- 4) Gain 10, Feedback 1.5 - Very slight low end roll off with a smooth high end rise. THD is highest of any unity gain setting and noise is roughly the same as 2 and 3.

Other unity gain settings:

- Gain 3, Feedback 7
- Gain 4, Feedback 6
- Gain 6, Feedback 3.5
- Gain 7, Feedback 3
- Gain 8, Feedback 2.5

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EXAMPLE settings- Gain and Feedback settings are omitted on these settings. Please refer to the section titled "where is unity gain on this thing" for more info. Tune these to taste and instrument.

Interactive Kick

Diagram showing the control panel for an Interactive Kick. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), CUT (20, 30, 40), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Independent Kick

Diagram showing the control panel for an Independent Kick. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Acoustic Guitar- Martin HD28v with Neumann KM54

Diagram showing the control panel for an Acoustic Guitar (Martin HD28v with Neumann KM54). It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Interactive Guitar- turning small guitar sound into a monster

Diagram showing the control panel for an Interactive Guitar. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Interactive Snare

Diagram showing the control panel for an Interactive Snare. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Interactive Bass

Diagram showing the control panel for an Interactive Bass. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Independent Bass

Diagram showing the control panel for an Independent Bass. It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Vocal- U67 or Horch RM2j

Diagram showing the control panel for a Vocal (U67 or Horch RM2j). It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

Vocal- Manley Reference or C12 type

Diagram showing the control panel for a Vocal (Manley Reference or C12 type). It includes a Gain knob, a Feedback knob, a Bypass switch, and a series of frequency response knobs: INTERACTIVE (60, 150, 200, 240), THICK (5, 10, 20), OUT (30, 40, 50), BOOST (1, 2, 3), PRESENCE (1200, 3300, 4100), and TREBLE (8k, 10k, 12k, 16k, 20k). The ACTIVE switch is in the 'ACTIVE' position.

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CE Certification

Chandler Limited declares under its sole responsibility that all products manufactured by them are in compliance with EC directives 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility; 2004/108/EG Electromagnetic Compatibility; 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Equipment Safety.